

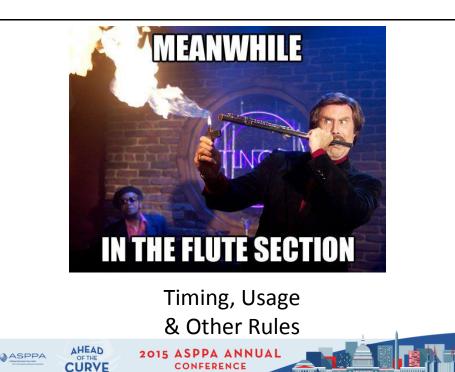
What Forfeitures Are

- Nonvested "leftovers" generated by:
 - Distribution-related transactions
 - ADP test failures
 - ACP test failures
- Held in a separate account for future use
- Plan assets











- Plan document
- IRS Retirement News for Employers, Volume 7 Spring 2010
 - www.irs.gov/pub/irs-tege/rne_spr10.pdf
- IRS Revenue Rulings
 - 80-155 and 84-156
- Treasury Regulation §1.401-7(a)







What triggers a forfeiture?

Distribution Events

- Payout
- Termination of employment with no vested balance
 - No deferrals or rollovers
 - 0% vested in other employer contributions



Test Failures

- ADP test
 - Rate of match
- ACP test
 - Partially/non-vested HCE

Other

- Five 1-year breaks in service
- Combination



Actual Occurrence

Date of event or last day of the plan year in which event occurs?









Timing - Example

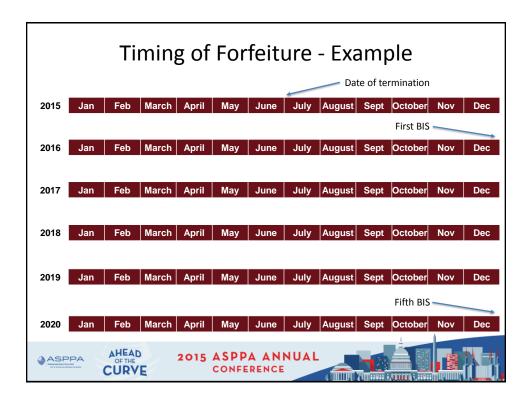
- S'mores, Inc. 401(k) Plan
 - Calendar year plan
 - BIS = fewer than 501 hours of service
- Charlie
 - Participant
 - Terminates employment on July 1, 2015 with 1,040 hours of service











When must forfeitures be used?

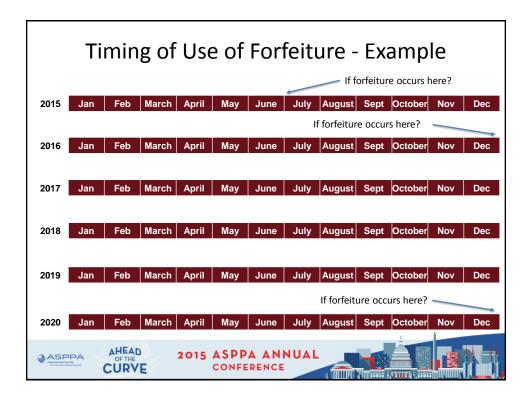
- Cannot accumulate
- Year in which forfeiture occurs
- Year immediately following the year in which forfeiture occurs
- No later than the year following the year in which forfeiture occurs











Uses For Forfeitures

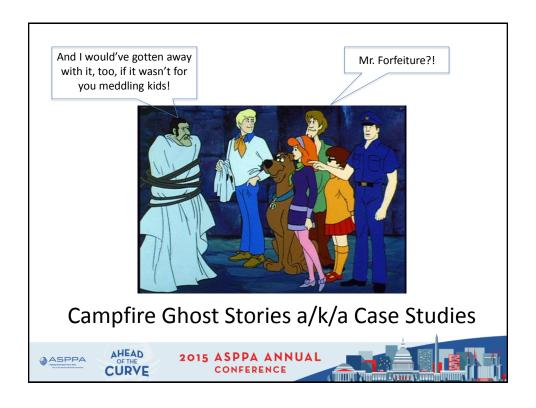
- Pay eligible plan expenses
 - Non-settlor
- Offset employer contributions
 - Other than safe harbor, QNEC, QMAC
- Reallocate to participants
 - Even if not specifically provided in the adoption agreement
- Reinstate participant accounts



Don't Get Burned

- Cannot use to offset safe harbor contributions, QNECs or QMACs
- Some plans limit use of forfeitures by source
 - Match forfeitures for match
 - Profit sharing forfeitures for profit sharing
- Forfeitures that aren't forfeitures
- Impact of mandatory distribution provisions



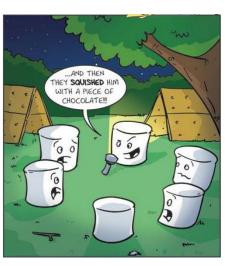


Common Facts

- Calendar year plan
- Forfeitures used in year of occurrence
- All forfeitures can be used for all purposes



Campfire Story #1



- Existing client
- Forfeiture balance as of December 31, 2015 is \$2,000.
- Plan is <u>not</u> safe harbor.
- Plan has outstanding fees for the year.

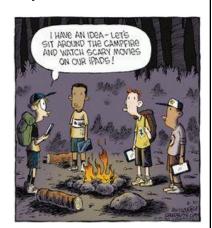






Campfire Story #2

- · Existing client
- Forfeiture balance as of December 31, 2015 is \$2,000.
- Plan is a <u>safe harbor</u> match plan.
 - Match not yet deposited
- Plan is top heavy.
- All expenses have already been paid.





ASPPA



2015 ASPPA ANNUAL CONFERENCE



Campfire Story #3

- Conversion plan as of October 1, 2015
- Forfeiture balance at conversion is \$20,000
- Review of YTD recordkeeper reports indicates only \$1,500 in forfeitures have occurred during the year



Campfire Story #4

- Conversion plan as of October 1, 2012
- Accumulated forfeitures from 2009 2011
- No contributions made since 2006
- Vesting changes
 - Pre-2007: 5-year cliff
 - January 2007: 3-year cliff per PPA amendment
 - January 2007: 5-year graded per voluntary restatement
 - June 2008: 6-year graded per EGTRRA restatement
- Number of participants decreased from 147 in 2007 to 8 in 2012 due to recession.









Questions

Adam Pozek
DWC ERISA Consultants, LLC
651.204.2600 ext. 107
Adam.Pozek@DWCconsultants.com

Bill Presson EGPS, Inc. 205.994.4070 Bpresson@EGPS.com



Fire songs:

https://open.spotify.com/user/12136827127/playlist/2DAXajyW1sQYuSrYaFUceH





